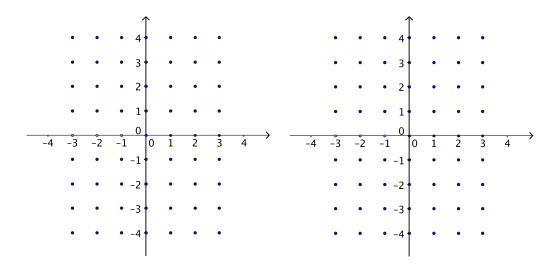
## Calculus

## Slope Field & Euler's Method

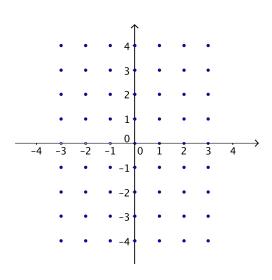
(Ex1.) Sketch the slope field for  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 4 - y^2$ 

- (a) Sketch a **solution curve** to the differential equation, with a given point (0, -1)
- (b) Sketch a **solution curve** to the differential equation, with a given point (0,3)



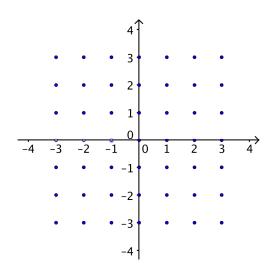
(Ex2.) Sketch the slope field for  $\frac{dy}{dx} = xy$ 

Sketch a **solution curve** to the differential equation, with a given point (1, 2)



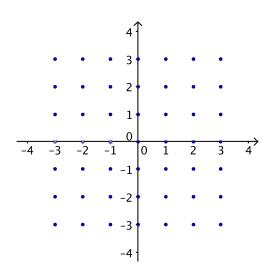
(Q1.) Consider 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 3x + y$$

- (a) Sketch a slope field
- (b) Sketch a **solution curve** to the differential equation, with a given point (0, -1)
- (c) Let y(x) be the solution to the differential equation and y(0) = -1. Use **Euler's Method**, with step size 0.04, to estimate y(0.2)

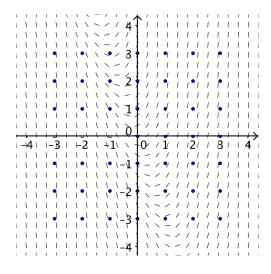


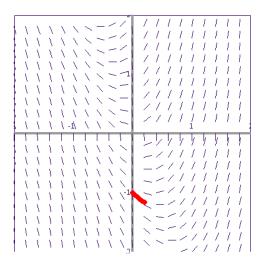
(Q2.) Consider 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x}{y}$$
  
(a) Sketch a **slope field**

- (b) Sketch a **solution curve** to the differential equation, with  $y(2) = \sqrt{3}$
- (c) Let y(x) be the solution to the differential equation and  $y(2) = \sqrt{3}$ . Use Euler's Method, with step size  $\frac{1}{3}$ , to estimate y(3)
- (d) Solve the differential equation, with  $y(2) = \sqrt{3}$ . Evaluate y(3).

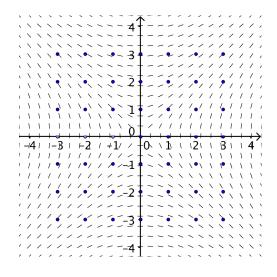


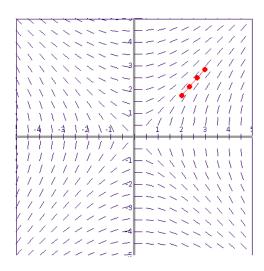
(Q1.) 
$$y = 2e^x - 3x - 3$$





(Q2.) 
$$y = \sqrt{x^2 - 1}$$





## Equation : x/y

Equation: 3x+y

1) (0.0000, -1.0000) 2) (0.0400, -1.0400) 3) (0.0800, -1.0768) 4) (0.1200, -1.1103) 5) (0.1600, -1.1403) 6) (0.2000, -1.1667)

1) (2.0000, 1.7320) 2) (2.3333, 2.1169) 3) (2.6667, 2.4843) 4) (3.0000, 2.8421)

**Euler's Method**: Given 
$$(x_0, y_0)$$
,  $\frac{dy}{dx} = F(x, y)$ , step size =  $h$ 

$$x_n = x_{n-1} + h \qquad y_n = y_{n-1} + h \cdot F(x_{n-1}, y_{n-1})$$